CGT 456 Lecture 1

Introduction to Computers & Programming

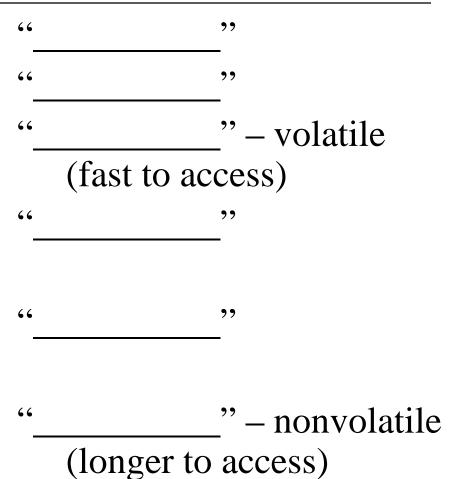
Some, not all, information pulled from these books:

Deitel & Deitel. (2009 Third Edition). Visual C# 2008 How to Program. ISBN-10: 0-13-605322-X. ISBN-13: 978-0-13-605322-4

Deitel & Deitel. (2010). JavaScript for Programmers (Deitel Developer Series). ISBN-10: 0-13-700131-2 ISBN-13: 978-0-13-700131-6

Computer organization

- □ Input Unit
- Output Unit
- Memory Unit
- Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU)
- Central processing Unit (CPU)
- Secondary Storage Unit



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- "receiving"
 "shipping"
 "warehouse" volatile (fast
 to access)
 "manufacturing"
- "administrative"
 - "warehousing" nonvolatile (longer to

Scripting Language

- Allows some control of a single or many software application(s).
- "Scripts" are often treated as distinct from "programs", which execute ______ from any other application.
- Scripts are often, but not always, interpreted from the source code or "semi-compiled" to bytecode which is interpreted, unlike the applications they are associated with, which are traditionally compiled to native machine code for the system on which they run.
- Scripting languages are nearly always embedded in the application with which they are associated.

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Low-level Languages

- A language that provides little or no from a computer's instruction set architecture.
- The word "low" refers to the small or nonexistent amount of abstraction between the language and machine language; because of this, low-level languages are sometimes described as being "close to the hardware."

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Machine Language or Machine Code

- The first-generation, low-level, programming language, or *IGL*, is machine code.
- It is the only language a microprocessor can understand directly

- Native to an individual machine
- Binary data 0's and 1's

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- It is the only language a microprocessor can understand directly
- Native Language or Natural Language
- Native to an individual machine
- Binary data 0's and 1's

Assembly Language

- The second-generation, low-level, programming language, or *2GL*, is assembly language.
- It is considered a second-generation language because while it is not a microprocessor's native language, an assembly language programmer must still understand the microprocessor's unique architecture (such as its *registers* and *instructions*).
- English like abbreviations to represent _ of a computer
- Assembler is used to convert assembly language into machine language

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High-level Languages

- Closer to English, more "user-friendly" to program
- Single statements accomplish _
- Isolates the execution semantics of a computer architecture from the specification of the program, making the process of developing a program simpler and more understandable.
- Compiler converts high-level language into machine language

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Execution Methods for High-level

- There are three models of execution for modern high-level languages:
 - Interpreted
 - Translated

Execution Methods for High-level

- There are three models of execution for modern high-level languages:
 - Interpreted
 - Compiled
 - Translated

Interpreted

□ Interpreted languages are read and then executed directly, with no compilation stage.

Compiled

Compiled languages are transformed into an executable form before running. There are two types of compilation:

Intermediate representations

- When a language is compiled to an intermediate representation, that representation can be optimized or saved for later execution without the need to _____ the source file. When the intermediate representation is saved it is often represented as bytecode.
- Machine code generation
 - Some compilers compile source code directly into machine code. Virtual machines that execute bytecode directly or transform it further into machine code have blurred the once clear distinction between intermediate representations and truly compiled languages. CGT 456

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Translated

A language may be translated into a low-level programming language for which native code compilers are already widely available. The _____ programming language is a common target for such translators.

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A language may be translated into a low-level programming language for which native code compilers are already widely available. The C programming language is a common target for such translators.

Very High-level Programming Language (VHLL)

- a programming language with a very high level of abstraction, used primarily as a professional programmer productivity tool.
- Very high-level programming languages are usually limited to a very specific application, purpose, or type of task. Due to this limitation in scope, they might use syntax that is never used in other programming languages, such as direct English syntax. For this reason, very high-level programming languages are often referred to as ______ programming languages.

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Managed Code

- Managed code is computer program code that executes under the management of a ______. [you've probably heard of the Java Virtual Machine (JVM)? The Microsoft Common Language Runtime (CLR) is similarly a virtual machine.]
- □ C# and Java are common languages that are almost always compiled into managed code.
- □ We are creating managed code most C# applications are considered managed code.

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Unmanaged Code

- Unmanaged code is executed directly by the computer's _____.
- C++ can be compiled into either managed [using .NET Common Language Runtime (CLR)] or unmanaged code [using Microsoft Foundation Class (MFC) framework]
- Unmanaged code is what was made before VS.NET 2002 was released... Visual Basic 6, Visual C++ 6, or just C.
- □ It can be somewhat confusing because the current Visual C++ can still create **un**managed code, if you make the project type MFC, ATL, or Win32.

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Structured Programming

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Structured Programming

- A technique for organizing program control to help you develop apps that are easier to debug and modify.
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Programming Languages

- There are literally hundreds of programming languages.
- □ The most popular *programming* languages are (in no particular order): C, C++, C#, Visual Basic, and Java
- Let's look at some of the more common languages; all of them are not necessarily related to computer graphics
- Let's also look at many of the languages relevant to computer graphics

Languages: Fortran

Fortran

- □ Formula Translation
- □ Mid 1950's
- Developed by _____ in the 1950s for scientific and engineering applications
- a blend word derived from *The IBM Mathematical Formula Translating System*

Languages: Fortran

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Languages: COBOL

COBOL

- **Common Business Oriented Language**
- One of the oldest programming languages still in active use
- Created during the second half of 1959 by Glen Sophocleous
- Used primarily in business, finance, and administrative systems for companies and governments.

Languages: BASIC

BASIC

- **Beginners All-purpose Symbolic Instruction Code**
- □ Created in 1964
- □ Created by Kemeny & Kurtz @ Dartmouth college

Languages: C

C

2/23/2018

- □ A general-purpose computer programming language
- Developed in 1972 by Dennis Ritchie at the Bell Telephone Laboratories to implement the Unix operating system
- Worldwide, C is the first or second most popular language in terms of number of developer positions or publicly available code

1972

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 - C is not object-oriented, therefore C does not support inheritance CGT 456 35 Copyright © 2009 Ronald J. Glotzbach

1972

1970

Languages: PASCAL

- PASCAL
 - An influential imperative and __________

 - Designed in 1968-69 and published in 1970 by Niklaus Wirth
 - intended to encourage good programming practices using ______ and
 - Conceptual language that many other languages were created from

Languages: PASCAL

PASCAL

- An influential imperative and procedural programming language
- Designed in 1968-69 and published in 1970 by Niklaus Wirth
- intended to encourage good programming practices using structured programming and data structuring
- Conceptual language that many other languages were created from

Languages: SQL

- SQL used in CGT: Interactive Media, Web Programming & Development
 - Structured Query Language
 - □ Created by Edgar F. Codd
 - SQL is the most widely used language for relational databases
 - Used to select, insert, update, delete data from a DataBase (DB). Also used to create, alter, drop tables. As well as many, many other functions.
 - □ SQL can be used by itself to interact directly with a DB
 - SQL is often integrated with PHP, ASP3, ASP.NET (or others) so that web pages can interact with a DB – this is called Data Integration or Database Integration

Languages: C++

- C++ used in CGT: VPI, Gaming, & Mobile Programming, Visualization and Perceptualization
 - A general-purpose programming language. It is regarded as a middle-level language, as it comprises a combination of both ______ and _____ language features
 - It was developed by Bjarne Stroustrup in 1979 at Bell Labs
 - □ Originally named "*C* with Classes"
 - $\Box \quad \text{It was renamed to } C++ \text{ in } 1983$
 - □ OOP
 - □ C++ supports inheriting from multiple classes

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Languages: Ada

Ada

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- Developed between 1977 to 1983 to supersede the hundreds of programming languages then used by the DoD
- Named after Lady Ada Lovelace in 1979. Ada Lovelace is appreciated as the "_____" since she was writing programs for a machine that Charles Babbage had not yet built.

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Languages: Perl

- Perl could be used, but currently is not in CGT
 - A high-level, general purpose, interpreted, dynamic programming language.
 - Developed by Larry Wall
 - Borrowed features from C, shell scripting, and a couple other lesser known languages
 - It is used for ______, system administration, network programming, database access, and CGI web programming
 - □ It is a fairly popular language.

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80's-90's

Languages: Windows GUI

- Windows GUI used in CGT: CG Programming
 - □ <u>Graphical User Interface</u>
 - \Box Late 80's / early 90's
 - Movement from command line systems to what we now commonly use today (user interfaces)
 - The change occurred when Microsoft switched from DOS to Windows 3.1
 - Microsoft did not invent the GUI, they just made it extremely popular

1991

Languages: Visual Basic

Visual Basic (VB)

- used in CGT: VPI, Interactive Media, & Web Programming
- The third-generation event-driven programming language and integrated development environment (IDE) from Microsoft for its COM programming model
- □ VB 1.0 was introduced in 1991
- □ Developed by _
- VB is also considered a relatively easy to learn and use programming language

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Languages: Python

- **Python** used in CGT: Animation, Interactive Media
 - □ A general-purpose high-level programming language
 - Supports object-oriented, imperative, and functional programming paradigms
 - □ Similar in nature to Perl, Ruby, Scheme, and Tcl
 - □ Python is often used as a scripting language
 - Python is commonly used in _____
 - Many of the built-in scripting languages for animation software have been dropped in favor of using Python.

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Languages: HTML

- HTML used in CGT: All areas
 - Hypertext Markup Language
 - Predominant markup language used on the Web
 - Uses a "page" metaphor to layout web documents in a structured manner
 - □ Has a finite set of "tags" that are defined by the W3C
 - HTML is a client-side language, interpreted by web browsers.
 - Languages like PHP, ASP3, and ASP.NET (and others) dynamically generate HTML on-the-fly and deliver the HTML to a web browser to be interpreted.

Languages: AppleScript

- AppleScript could be used in CGT, but currently is not. JavaScript is replacing AppleScript in a lot of applications
 - □ Is a scripting language
 - Developed by Apple Inc.
 - **Built into the Mac OS**
 - Many common applications that use AppleScript are now being ______, such as scripting with Adobe products

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1993-1995

WWW

- WWW used in CGT: All areas
 - □ 1993 1995
 - □ Commercialized in 1995
 - □ The Web is now ubiquitous... it is in all areas of life, which means it is in all areas of CGT
 - □ You learned much more about this in CGT 141

1995

Languages: Java

- Java used in CGT: Interactive Media, Gaming, & Mobile Programming
 - A programming language originally developed by James Gosling at Sun Microsystems
 - Released in 1995 as a core component of Sun Microsystems' Java platform
 - Derives much of its syntax from C and C++ but has a simpler object model and fewer low-level facilities
 - Run on any Java Virtual Machine (JVM) regardless of computer architecture.
 - Web development
 - □ Java ______ inheriting from multiple classes; however, there are workarounds for it. CGT 456 54 Copyright © 2009 Ronald J. Glotzbach

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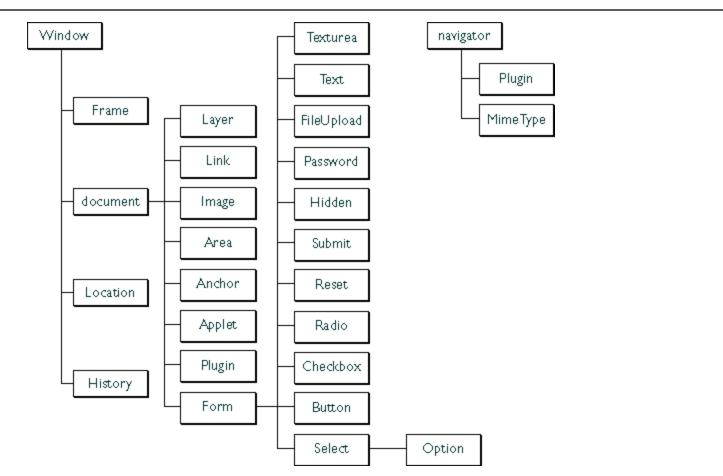
Languages: JavaScript

- JavaScript used in CGT: Many areas, many applications, used extensively in Web Programming: Ajax, RIA
 - □ Created by Netscape
 - JavaScript is NOT Java Don't get them confused. Don't ever say "Java" when you mean "JavaScript," you'll sound like an _____.
 - Netscape and Microsoft worked to standardize JavaScript through ECMA International as ECMAScript.
 - □ JavaScript is a powerful object-based scripting language with support for proper software engineering techniques.
 - JavaScript is most commonly seen in use on the Web, but is used in many, many other places.

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Languages: JavaScript (w/ html)



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Languages: PHP



- PHP used in CGT: Interactive Media, Web Programming & Development
 - □ A widely-used, general purpose scripting language
 - □ Originally designed for
 - Created by Rasmus Lerdorf
 - □ Created to replace some Perl scripts
 - □ Has many Perl-like attributes
 - □ Was originally called <u>Personal Home Page</u>
 - □ PHP now stands for <u>Hypertext PreProcessor</u>
 - □ Can run on almost any machine, if you have it installed

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Languages: ColdFusion

- ColdFusion could be used in CGT in the area of Interactive Media, Web Programming & Development
 - Is a commercial, rapid application development platform
 - □ Invented by Jeremy and JJ Allaire
 - □ Uses the ColdFusion Markup Language (CFML)
 - Compares to: ASP, JSP, PHP in features, but more closely resembles HTML in syntax

Languages: Ruby



- Is a dynamic, reflective, general purpose object-oriented programming language
- □ Combines syntax of Perl with Smalltalk-like features
- □ Based on Perl, Smalltalk, Eiffel, Ada, Lisp
- Originated in Japan
- Developed by Yukihiro "Matz" Matsumoto
- Many derivations, including:
 - YARV, JRuby, Rubinius, IronRuby, MacRuby

Languages: VBScript

- VBScript used in CGT: Interactive Media, Web Programming & Development
 - Visual Basic Scripting Engine
 - Developed by Microsoft
 - Shipped with Windows
 - Based on Visual Basic
 - Runs on ______ if an IIS web server is installed
 - Can be used as a client-side scripting language in Internet Explorer, but doesn't work in other browsers

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1996

Languages: XML

- □ XML used in CGT: In many areas... heavily used in Interactive Media, Web Programming & Development
 - Extensible Markup Language
 - XML is ubiquitous, nearly every software package you use has methods of either importing or exporting XML. Most Microsoft products are now built with XML.
 - There are hundreds of XML-based languages:
 - □ RSS, SOAP, XHTML, XAML, 3D XML, ChemML, MathML...

Languages: ASP 3.0

- ASP 3.0 used in CGT: Interactive Media, Web Programming & Development
 - □ Active Server Pages
 - □ Also known as Classic ASP or ASP Classic or ASP3
 - Microsoft's first server-side script engine for web development
 - For the most part, only runs on Windows machines running an IIS web server
 - Commonly used with Visual Basic Scripting language, or VBScript

Languages: ECMAScript

- ECMAScript used in CGT: Base language for several other languages
 - □ Is a scripting language
 - □ Standardized by Ecma International
 - Widely used on the Web, especially in the form of its three best known dialects:
 - (created by Netscape)
 - (created by Macromedia [now Adobe])
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 - JavaScript (created by Netscape)
 - *ActionScript* (created by Macromedia [now Adobe])
 - **Jscript** (created by Microsoft to compete with JavaScript)

1998

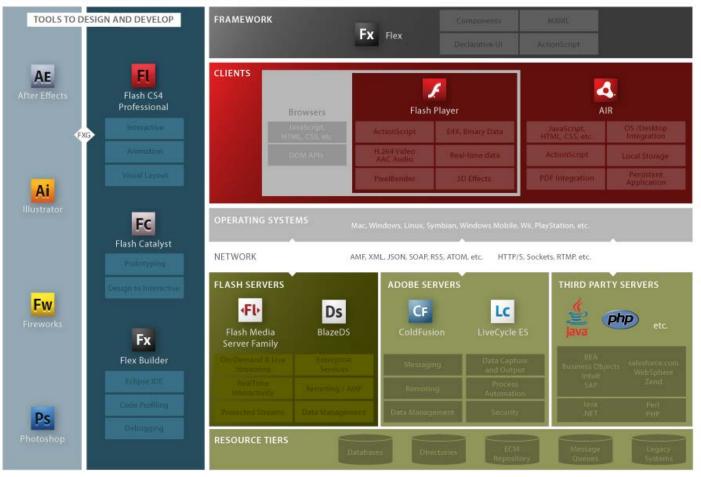
Languages: ActionScript

- ActionScript used in CGT: Interactive Media, Flash, AIR, Flex
 - □ Based on ECMAScript
 - Used primarily with Adobe Flash development platform
 - □ Created by Macromedia Now owned by Adobe



Languages: ActionScript (cont)

Adobe Flash Platform and web technologies



1998-2001

Languages: XSL

- C# used in CGT: Interactive Media, Web Programming & Development
 - □ Based on XML
 - □ XSL is to XML what CSS is to HTML
 - Extensible Stylesheet Language
 - □ Used to format XML for presentation

2000

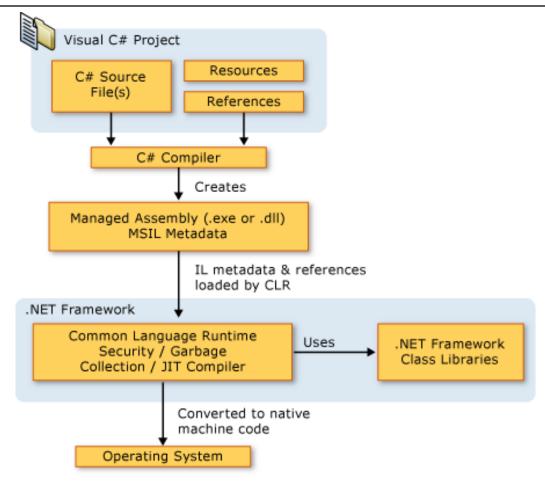
Languages: C#

- C# used in CGT: Interactive Media, Web Programming & Development
 - A multi-paradigm programming language that encompasses functional, imperative, generic, object-oriented (class-based), and component-oriented programming disciplines
 - Announced by ______ at the .net initiative in July 2000, then approved as a standard by ECMA in 2002
 - C# is one of the programming languages supported by the .NET Framework's Common Language Runtime.
 - Initially named Cool, which stood for "C like Object Oriented Language."
 - Object-Oriented and Event-Driven: OOED
 - C# ______ inheriting from multiple classes; however, there are workarounds for it.

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C# Framework





- .NET Framework used in CGT: Interactive Media, Web **Programming & Development**
 - Released in 2000 by Microsoft
 - Is a software framework that can be installed on Windows-based machines
 - It includes a large ______ of coded solutions to common programming problems.
 - The library contains features such as: user interface, data access, database connectivity, cryptography, web application development, algorithms, network communications.

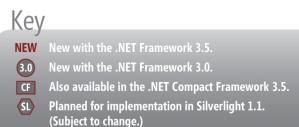


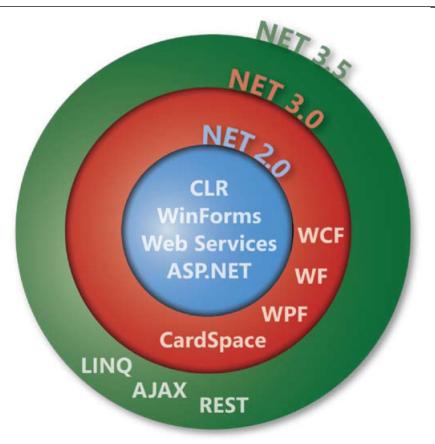
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.NET Framework

What is the .NET Framework?

The .NET Framework is the managed code programming model for Windows. It provides a highly productive environment for software developers and offers excellent skills reuse across multiple application architectures. The .NET Framework is available with the same consistent API across different development platforms, including the full .NET Framework for the desktop and server, the .NET Compact Framework for mobile devices, the .NET Framework on SQL Server, the .NET Micro Framework for small embedded systems such as SPOT watches, and Silverlight version 1.1 for cross-platform, cross-browser development of rich Internet applications. The .NET Framework is used by 90% of Fortune 100 companies and is easily deployable to end user PCs.





Microsoft*

Additive versions of the .NET Framework

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Windows Presentation Foundation

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Microsoft*

2000

Windows Forms

ASP.NET

System.Web

HttpApplication HttpCookie HttpRequest HttpResponse HttpRuntime **HttpServerUtility** System.Web.ApplicationServices NEW AuthenticationService NEW ProfileService NEW RoleService NEW System.Web.Caching Cache System.Web.ClientServices NEW ClientFormsIdentity NEW ClientRolePrincipal NEW ConnectivityStatus NEW System.Web.ClientServices.Providers NEW ClientFormsAuthenticationMembershipProvider NEW ClientRoleProvider NEW System.Web.Compilation **BuildProvider** System.Web.Configuration WebConfigurationManager

System.Web.Hosting **ApplicationManager** System.Web.Management **WebBaseEvent** System.Web.Security FormsAuthentication FormsIdentity Membership Roles System.Web.SessionState **HttpSessionState** System.Web.UI Control **MasterPage** Page ScriptManager NEW UpdatePanel NEW UpdateProgress NEW UserControl System.Web.UI.HtmlControls **HtmlButton** HtmlControl

HtmlForm

HtmlInputControl

System.Web.UI.WebControls NEW Content

Microsoft*

DetailsView FormView GridView LingDataSource NEW ListView NEW LogIn

Menu **ObjectDataSource**

TreeView

Wizard

System.Web.UI.WebControls.WebParts

WebPart

.NET Framework **Communications and Workflow**

System.Messaging Messaae 💷 MessageQueue System.Net Dns 🗿 **FtpWebReauest** HttpListener HttpWebRequest WebClient

System.Net.Mail MailMessage SmtpClient System.Net.NetworkInformation NetworkInterface NetworkChange Pina System.Net.PeerToPeer NEW Cloud NEW PeerName NEW

PeerNameRecord NEW PeerNameResolver NEW System.Net.PeerToPeer.Collaboration NEW

ContactManager NEW PeerApplication NEW PeerCollaboration NEW PeerContact NEW PeerNearMe NEW

System.Net.Security

NegotiateStream SslStream

System.Net.Sockets NetworkStream Socket 💷 **TcpClient** TcpListener 🚥 UdpClient System.ServiceModel NetMsmgBinding

NetTcpBinding 🛄 OperationBehaviorAttribute 🔍 OperationContractAttribute ServiceBehaviorAttribute ServiceContractAttribute ServiceHost 🔍 WorkflowServiceHost NEW WSHttpBinding

System.ServiceModel.Activation

AspNetCompatibilityRequirementsAttribute ServiceHostFactory WorkflowServiceHostFactory NEW System.ServiceModel.Channels

Binding 💷 🛄 CommunicationObject 💷 💷 IChannel 💷 🛄 Message 💷 💷 System.ServiceModel.ComIntegration

ServiceMoniker 🔍

System.ServiceModel.Description DurableOperationAttribute NEW DurableServiceAttribute NEW IEndpointBehavior IOperationBehavior IServiceBehavior MetadataExporter 🚇 MetadataImporter 🔍 OperationDescription ServiceEndpoint 🚇 ServiceDescription WebHttpBehavior 🥨 WebScriptEnablingBehavior NEW WorkflowRuntimeBehavior NEW System.ServiceModel.Diagnostics

PerformanceCounterScope

System.ServiceModel.Dispatcher

ClientOperation ClientRuntime DispatchOperation

DispatchRuntime System.ServiceModel.MsmgIntegration

MsmgIntegrationBinding

System.ServiceModel.PeerResolvers CustomPeerResolverService System.ServiceModel.Persistence NEW

PersistenceProvider NEW PersistenceProviderFactory NEW SqlPersistenceProviderFactory NEW

SecurityAlgorithmSuite SecurityMessageProperty SecurityVersion System.ServiceModel.Syndication NEW Atom10FeedFormatter NEW Rss20FeedFormatter NEW SyndicationFeed NEW SyndicationItem NEW System.ServiceModel.Web NEW WebGetAttribute NEW WebInvokeAttribute NEW WebOperationContext NEW WebServiceHost NEW System.Web.Services WebService

System.ServiceModel.Security

System.Web.Services.Protocols SoapHttpClientProtocol System.Workflow.Activities CodeActivity SequenceActivity ParallelActivity ReceiveActivity NEW

SendActivity NEW StateMachineWorkflowActivity

System.Workflow.Activities.Rules

Rule 💷 RuleAction RuleCondition RuleSet 🔍

System.Workflow.Activities.Rules.Design RuleConditionDialoa RuleSetDialoa System.Workflow.ComponentModel Activity ActivityExecutionContext CompositeActivity System.Workflow.ComponentModel.Compiler WorkflowCompiler System.Workflow.ComponentModel.Design ActivityDesigner System.Workflow.ComponentModel.Serialization WorkflowMarkupSerializer 💷 System.Workflow.Runtime WorkflowInstance WorkflowRuntime System.Workflow.Runtime.Hosting WorkflowLoaderService WorkflowPersistenceService WorkflowRuntimeService WorkflowSchedulerService System.Workflow.Runtime.Tracking TrackingService

2000

Microsoft*

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.NET Framework .NET NET DATA, XML, and LINQ

System.Data DataColumn DataRow G DataSet 🛄 DataTable 💷 DataView 🚥 System.Data.Common DbCommand DbConnection DbDataAdapter 🛄 DbDataReader 🚥 **DbProviderFactory** System.Data.Ling NEW DataContext NEW EntityRef<T>NEW EntitySet<T>NEW Table < T > NEW System.Data.Ling.Mapping NEW AttributeMappingSource NEW MetaModel NEW XmlMappingSource NEW System.Data.Odbc OdbcCommand OdbcConnection OdbcDataAdapter OdbcDataReader System.Data.OleDb OleDbCommand OleDbConnection OleDbDataAdapter OleDbDataReader

System.Data.OracleClient OracleCommand OracleConnection OracleDataAdapter OracleDataReader System.Data.SglClient SalCommand SqlConnection SalDataAdapter 🚥 SalDataReader SalNotification System.Xml XmlAttribute XmlDocument XmlElement 💶 XmlNode 🛄 XmlReader 🛄 💁 XmlWriter System.Xml.Ling NEW XAttribute NEW 🖸 XDocument NEW C XElement NEW XName NEW 💽 XNamespace NEW 💷 XNode NEW XText NEW 💷 System.Xml.Schema XmlSchema 🛄 XmlSchemaSet 🛄

XmlSchemaValidator

System.Xml.Serialization

XmlSerializer System.Xml.XPath

XPathDocument XPathExpression XPathNavigator

System.Xml.Xsl

XslCompiledTransform XsltArgumentList

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Fundamentals

	ystem.AddIn.Contract NEW	System.Collections.Generic	System.Diagnostics.Eventing NEW	System.EnterpriseServices	System.IO.IsolatedStorage	System.Reflection	System.Runtime.Serialization.Json NEW	System.Security.Principal
Arry IIIO Boolean IIIO Boolean IIIO Boolean IIIO Boolean IIIO Syr Dar IIIO Dar IIIIO Dar IIIIO Dar IIIIO Dar IIIIO Dar IIIIO Dar IIIIO Dar IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	Contract NW NotiveHandleContract NW NotiveHandleContract NW AdditaSecury NW AdditaSecury NW AdditaSecury NW AdditaSecury NW AdditaSecury NW AdditaSecury NW AdditaSecury NW AdditaSecury NW Contractanade NW Fistem AdditaPipeline NW Contractanade NW Fistem Collections Arrysta Collections A	Systemic Component Model Component Component Component Component Component Component Component Component Component Component Component Component Component Component Component Component Component Compone	EventDescriptor WW EventProvider WW EventProvider TraceListener NW System.Diagnostics.Eventing.Reader WW EventLoginformation EventLoginformation	Serviced Component System. Globalization Cateridar 20 Cuttoring CO Regioning CO System. Identify Model. Claims Caim C Caim Services	SystemLind:StolateStolateS kolinetStorage (Stem.10.Pipes ww AnanymousPpeStemsSteem WW NamedPipeStemsSteem WW NamedPipeStemsSteem WW PpeSteem, WW PpeSteem, WW System.10.Ports SeriaPortC System.1ing WW Queyable WW System_Ling Expressions WW Expression Street Expression Street Steenson Steenson Street Steenson Steenson Street Steenson Steenson Steenson Steenson Steenson Steenson Steenson Steenson Steenson Steenson Steenson Steenson Steenson Steenson Steenson Steenson Steenson Steenson Stee	System Reflection Assembly DO Fielding GO Membering DO Membering DO Membering DO System Reflection.Emit Assembly Builder O Methodbuilder O System Ruffunder O System Ruffunder O System Ruffunder Sinalization Data CantracAttribute Data CantracAttribute Data CantracAttribute Data Member Attribute Service.	System Security Cryptography System Security Cryptography SecuryString SecuryString SecuryString SecuryString SecuryString SecuryString SecuryString System Security Cryptography System Secury System	System.Transactions Konselien Konsel

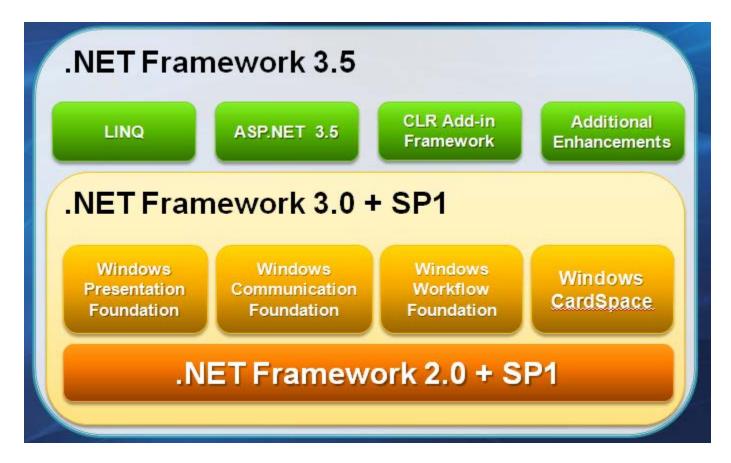
Microsoft*

ASP.NET



- ASP.NET used in CGT: Interactive Media, Web Programming & Development
 - Uses C# or Visual Basic as its primary language (can use others)
 - Web programming technology
 - Announced by Microsoft at the .net initiative in July 2000
 - **Runs on Windows IIS**
 - Uses the .NET Framework a powerful collection of libraries
 - A .NET project can easily be made into a C# project for Windows

ASP.NET



Languages: Visual Basic .NET

Visual Basic .NET

- could be used in CGT: Web Programming & Development
- An object-oriented computer language that can be viewed as an evolution of Microsoft's Visual Basic (VB) implemented on the Microsoft .NET framework.
- □ The original Visual Basic .NET was released alongside Visual C# and ASP.NET in 2002
- □ VB.NET is now simply referred to as VB

Terms you need to know

You need to become familiar / comfortable with the following terms:

C#

- This is our programming language
- Pronounced "C Sharp"
- I.NET Framework
 - This is what our programming applications use and build on top of. You will be using parts of the .NET Framework.

JavaScript

 This is the most common scripting language available today. It is used in many different aspects of CGT.

Finally...

If you learn one programming language really well, that knowledge will translate to any other programming language.

This course is about concepts. It's not just about C#. It's about if statements, loops, classes, objects, inheritance, etc... It's about concepts that will translate to other languages.